§ 172.755

 $www.archives.gov/federal_register/$ code of federal regulations/ ibr locations.html.

- $(\overline{4})$ 1,4-Dioxane, not greater than 10 milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg), and ethylene oxide, not greater than 1 mg/ kg, as determined hv a. gas chromatographic method entitled "Determination of Ethylene Oxide and 1,4-Dioxane by Headspace Gas Chromatography," approved November 5, 1998, printed by Gattefosse S.A.S., and incorporated by reference in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51; see paragraph (b)(1) of this section for availability of the incorporation by reference.
- (c) The additive is used or intended for use as an excipient in dietary supplement tablets, capsules, and liquid formulations that are intended for ingestion in daily quantities measured in drops or similar small units of meas-

[71 FR 12620, Mar. 13, 2006, as amended at 78 FR 71463, Nov. 29, 2013]

§172.755 Stearyl monoglyceridyl citrate.

The additive food stearvl monoglyceridyl citrate may be safely used in food in accordance with the following provisions:

(a) The additive is prepared by controlled chemical reaction of the following:

Reactant	Limitations
Citric acid Monoglycerides of fatty acids.	Prepared by the glycerolysis of ed- ible fats and oils or derived from fatty acids conforming with \$172.860.
Stearyl alcohol	Derived from fatty acids conforming with §172.860, or derived synthetically in conformity with §172.864.

(b) The additive stearvl monoglyceridyl citrate, produced as described under paragraph (a) of this section, meets the following specifications:

Acid number 40 to 52. Total citric acid 15 to 18 percent. Saponification number 215-255.

(c) The additive is used or intended for use as an emulsion stabilizer in or with shortenings containing emulsifiers.

§172.765 Succistearin (stearoyl propylene glycol hydrogen succinate).

The food additive succistearin (stearoyl propylene glycol hydrogen succinate) may be safely used in food in accordance with the following prescribed conditions:

- (a) The additive is the reaction product of succinic anhydride, fully hydrogenated vegetable oil (predominantly C₁₆ or C₁₈ fatty acid chain length), and propylene glycol.
- (b) The additive meets the following specifications:

Acid number 50-150. Hydroxyl number 15-50.

Succinated ester content 45-75 percent.

(c) The additive is used or intended for use as an emulsifier in or with shortenings and edible oils intended for use in cakes, cake mixes, fillings, icings, pastries, and toppings, in accordance with good manufacturing practice

§ 172.770 Ethylene oxide polymer.

The polymer of ethylene oxide may be safely used as a foam stabilizer in fermented malt beverages in accordance with the following conditions.

- (a) It is the polymer of ethylene oxide having a minimum viscosity of 1,500 centipoises in a 1 percent aqueous solution at 25 °C.
- (b) It is used at a level not to exceed 300 parts per million by weight of the fermented malt beverage.
- (c) The label of the additive bears directions for use to insure compliance with paragraph (b) of this section.

§172.775 Methacrylic aciddivinylbenzene copolymer.

Methacrylic acid-divinylbenzene copolymer may be safely used in food in accordance with the following prescribed conditions:

- (a) The additive is produced by the polymerization of methacrylic acid and divinylbenzene. The divinylbenzene functions as a cross-linking agent and constitutes a minimum of 4 percent of the polymer.
- (b) Aqueous extractives from the additive do not exceed 2 percent (dry basis) after 24 hours at 25 °C.